

CLAIMS

- Sub A1*
1. A recombinant pox virus capable of expressing in a host a cell-encoded, tumor-associated antigen. ✓
 - 5 2. A recombinant pox virus of Claim 1, which is of the species vaccinia.
 3. A recombinant pox virus of Claim 1, wherein the tumor associated antigen is encoded by a human oncogene or proto-oncogene.
 - 10 4. A recombinant pox virus of Claim 1, wherein the tumor associated antigen is encoded by a human oncogene and is rendered inactive with respect to its oncogenic activity.
 - 15 5. A recombinant pox virus of Claim 1, wherein the tumor antigen is encoded by the neu gene, the ros gene, the trk gene, the kit gene or portion thereof.
 - 20 6. A recombinant pox virus of Claim 1, wherein the cell-encoded tumor associated antigen is a growth factor receptor or growth factor receptor-like cell surface molecule.

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7. A recombinant pox virus of Claim 6, wherein the receptor or receptor-like cell surface molecule is encoded by the c-erbB gene.
- 5 8. A recombinant vaccinia virus containing, in a region of the viral genome nonessential for replication of the virus, one or more foreign DNA sequences which encode a cell encoded, human tumor-associated antigen, the sequence or sequences being under control of a vaccinia promoter.
- 10 9. A recombinant vaccinia virus of Claim 8, wherein the tumor-associated antigen is encoded by a human oncogene.
- 15 10. A recombinant vaccinia virus of Claim 8, wherein the oncogene is neu, ros, trk or kit gene or a portion thereof.
11. A recombinant vaccinia virus of Claim 9, wherein the oncogene is devoid of oncogenic activity.
- 20 12. A recombinant vaccinia virus of Claim 8, wherein the tumor associated antigen is a growth factor receptor or growth factor receptor-like surface molecule.

13. A recombinant vaccinia virus of Claim 12, wherein the tumor associated antigen is encoded by the c-erbB gene.
14. The recombinant vaccinia virus ABT9-4.
- 5 15. A method of immunizing against a cell-encoded tumor associated antigen comprising the steps of inoculating an individual afflicted with a tumor which expresses the antigen with a recombinant pox virus capable of expressing the cell-encoded tumor associated antigen.
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16. A recombinant pox virus of Claim 15, which is of the species vaccinia.
- 15 17. A recombinant pox virus of Claim 15, wherein the tumor-associated antigen is encoded by a human oncogene or proto-oncogene.
18. A recombinant pox virus of Claim 15, wherein the tumor associated antigen is encoded by a human oncogene and is rendered inactive with respect to its oncogenic activity.
- 20 19. A recombinant pox virus of Claim 15, wherein the tumor antigen is encoded by the neu, ros, trk or kit gene or portion thereof.

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20. A recombinant pox virus of Claim 15, wherein the cell-encoded tumor associated antigen is a growth factor receptor or growth factor receptor-like cell surface molecule.
- 5 21. A recombinant pox virus of Claim 15, wherein the receptor or receptor-like cell surface molecule is encoded by the c-erbB gene.
- 10 22. A method of immunizing an individual against a cell-encoded tumor-associated antigen, comprising inoculating the individual afflicted with a tumor bearing the antigen with a recombinant vaccinia virus capable of expressing the tumor-associated antigen.
- 15 23. A method of producing a cell-encoded tumor-associated antigen, comprising the steps of:
- 20 a. infecting cells with a recombinant pox virus capable of expressing a cell-encoded tumor associated antigen;
- b. culturing the cells under conditions which allow the virus to replicate and to express the antigen; and
- c. isolating the antigen from the cells.
- 25 24. A method of producing antibody against a cell-encoded tumor associated antigens, comprising the steps of:
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- a. inoculating an animal with a recombinant pox virus capable of expressing the tumor associated antigen; and
- b. isolating serum containing antibody raised against the antigen.

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25. A method of producing monoclonal antibody against a cell-encoded tumor-associated antigen, comprising the steps of:

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- a. immunizing an animal with a recombinant pox virus capable of expressing the tumor-associated antigen;
- b. obtaining antibody-producing cells from the animal;
- c. fusing the cells with an immortalizing cell to produce fused cell hybrids;
- d. selecting fused cell hybrids which produce antibody against the antigen; and
- e. growing the selected fused cell hybrids and obtaining antibody secreted by the hybrids.

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26. A method of tumor therapy, comprising passively immunizing an individual afflicted with a tumor by administering antibody against an antigen encoded by the tumor, the antibody being produced by the method of Claim 25.

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27. A vector for recombination with a pox virus and for incorporation of a DNA sequence encoding a cellular tumor-associated antigen, comprising
- a. a prokaryotic origin replication;
 - b. a pox viral promoter;
 - c. a DNA sequence for a cell-encoded, tumor-associated antigen under the direction of the pox viral promoter; and
 - d. DNA sequences homologous to a region of the pox virus genome where the DNA sequence encoding the tumor-associated antigen is to be inserted, the DNA sequences flanking the promoter and DNA sequence for the cell-encoded, tumor-associated antigen at both the 5' and 3' ends.
28. A plasmid ~~vector~~ of Claim 27.
29. A vector of Claim 28, wherein the pox viral promoter is a vaccinia promoter and the flanking DNA sequences are homologous to a region of the vaccinia viral genome which is nonessential for replication of the virus.
30. A vector of Claim 29, wherein the DNA sequences for the cell-encoded, tumor-associated antigen are selected from the group consisting of the neu gene, the ros gene, the trk gene, the kit gene, the c-erbB gene, and portions thereof.
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31. The plasmid ~~pEVAC~~ neu. ✓

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